

聽力測驗

第一部分：辨識句意 (第 1-3 題)

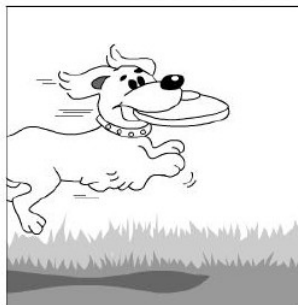
作答說明：每題均有三張圖片，請依據所聽到的句子，選出符合描述的圖片，每題播放兩次

第 1 題

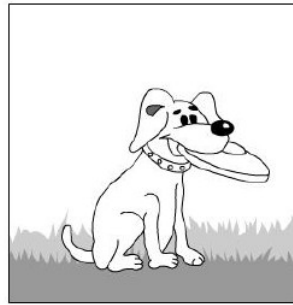
(A)



(B)



(C)



錄音內容：A dog is running with a Frisbee in its mouth.

題目翻譯：一隻狗正咬著飛盤在跑步。

解題線索：播放句子的關鍵字詞為 running (跑步) 及 with a Frisbee in its mouth (咬著飛盤)，符合描述的圖片為 (B)。

第 2 題

(A)



(B)



(C)



錄音內容：The girl is too short to get the box on top of the refrigerator.

題目翻譯：女孩太矮拿不到在冰箱上面的盒子。

解題線索：播放句子的關鍵字詞為 too short to get the box on top of the refrigerator (太矮拿不到在冰箱上面的盒子) 符合描述的圖片為 (B)。

第 3 題

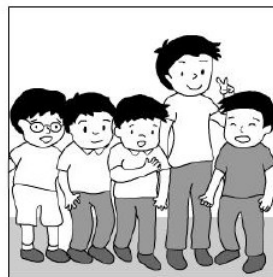
(A)



(B)



(C)



錄音內容：This photo is not good. You can only see the lower half of the tall boy's face in it.

題目翻譯：這張照片不好。你在裡面只能看到那位高個子男孩下半邊的臉。

解題線索：播放句子的關鍵字詞為 can only see the lower half of the tall boy's face (只能看到那位高個子男孩下半邊的臉)，符合描述的圖片為 (A)。

第二部分：基本問答 (第 4-10 題)

作答說明：每題均有三個選項，請依據所聽到的內容，選出一個最適合的回應，每題播放兩次。

第 4 題

(A) Oh, sorry.

(B) Don't worry.

(C) Take a seat, please.

錄音內容：Excuse me, miss, but I'm afraid you're in my seat.

題目翻譯：不好意思，小姐，妳坐到我的位子了。

(A) 喔，抱歉。

(B) 別擔心。

(C) 請坐。

解題線索：播放問題的關鍵字為 I'm afraid you're in my seat (妳坐到我的位子了)，不小心坐到別人的位置應該要感到抱歉，因此正確答案為 (A) Oh, sorry. (喔，抱歉。)

第 5 題

(A) It's near my office.

(B) A lot of people go there.

(C) About four or five times a week.

錄音內容：Do you go to the gym a lot?

題目翻譯：你常去健身房嗎？

(A) 它在我的辦公室附近。

(B) 很多人去那裡。

(C) 一週大約四或五次。

解題線索：播放問題的關鍵字為 Do you go to the gym a lot? (你常去健身房嗎?)，應回答去健身房的頻率，因此正確答案為 (C) About four or five times a week. (一週大約四或五次)，完整回答為 I go to the gym about four or five times a week. (我一週去健身房大約四或五次。)

第 6 題

- (A) There's one down the street.
- (B) I often shop at the one near my office.
- (C) A new supermarket will open next week.

錄音內容：Excuse me, do you know where the nearest supermarket is?

題目翻譯：不好意思，請問你知道最近的超市在哪裡嗎？

- (A) 這條街上有一家。
- (B) 我通常在靠近我辦公室的那家買東西。
- (C) 下週會有一間新的超市開幕。

解題線索：播放問題的關鍵字為 **where the nearest supermarket is**(最近的超市在哪裡)，題目在問路，因此正確答案為 **(A) There's one down the street.** (這條街上有一家。)，表示沿著這條路走下去就會找到最近的超市。

第 7 題

- (A) When will it start?
- (B) Do we need a new TV?
- (C) What do you want to watch?

錄音內容：Can we watch something else? This TV program is terrible.

題目翻譯：我們可以看別的吗？這個電視節目好難看。

- (A) 它什麼時候開始？
- (B) 我們需要一台新電視嗎？
- (C) 你想看什麼？

解題線索：播放問題的關鍵字為 **Can we watch something else?** (我們可以看別的吗?)，因此正確答案為 **(C) What do you want to watch?** (你想看什麼?)，進一步詢問對方想看什麼電視節目。

第 8 題

- (A) Sure, I can talk now.
- (B) All right, it's 2033-6985.
- (C) No, I don't have your number.

錄音內容：Excuse me, but I can't really talk right now. Why don't you give me your number? I'll call you as soon as I've got time.

題目翻譯：不好意思，我現在真的無法談話。你何不給我你的電話號碼？我一有時間就馬上打給你。

- (A) 當然，我現在可以說話。
- (B) 好吧，號碼是 2033-6985。
- (C) 不，我沒有你的號碼。

解題線索：播放問題的關鍵字為 **I can't really talk right now**(我現在真的無法談話)、**Why don't you give me your number?**(你何不給我你的電話號碼?)，因此正確答案為 **(B) All right, it's 2033-6985.**(好吧，號碼是 2033-6985。)，**it's 2033-6985 = my number is 2033-6985。**

第 9 題

- (A) I think it belongs to Tom.
- (B) It was still here last week.
- (C) The sofa is Tom's favorite.

錄音內容：Whose sweater is this? It's been lying here on the sofa for weeks.

題目翻譯：這是誰的毛衣？它已經放在沙發這裡好幾個星期了。

- (A) 我想它屬於湯姆。
- (B) 它上週還在這裡。
- (C) 這張沙發是湯姆最喜歡的。

解題線索：播放問題的關鍵字為 Whose sweater is this?(這是誰的毛衣?)，因此正確答案為 (A) I think it belongs to Tom. (我想它屬於湯姆。)，I think it belongs to Tom. = I think it's Tom's. = I think it's Tom's sweater. (我想它是湯姆的毛衣。)

第 10 題

- (A) I also need it, I'm afraid.
- (B) Sure, it's my favorite show.
- (C) Sorry, but I'm a little busy now.

錄音內容：Can I borrow you for a second? There's something I want to show you.

題目翻譯：我可以打擾你一下嗎？我有東西要給你看。

- (A) 恐怕我也需要它。
- (B) 當然，它是最喜歡的節目。
- (C) 抱歉，但我現在有點忙。

解題線索：播放問題的關鍵字為 Can I borrow you for a second?(我可以打擾你一下嗎?)，因此正確答案為 (C) Sorry, but I'm a little busy now. (抱歉，但我現在有點忙。)，表示無法看對方要他看的東西。

第三部分：言談理解 (第 11-21 題)

作答說明：每題均有三個選項，請依據所聽到的對話或短文內容，選出一個最適合的答案，每題播放兩次。

第 11 題

- (A) A police officer.
- (B) A shop clerk.
- (C) A secretary.

錄音內容：

M: Excuse me.

W: How may I help you?

M: Um, yeah, I'm looking for a pair of pants.

W: What kind of pants? Jeans?

M: No. Um, something I can wear to work.

W: Let me see. How about this pair?

M: Mmm. These look nice.

W: Why don't you try them on?

Q: Who is the woman?

題目翻譯：

男子：不好意思。

女子：有什麼可以為您服務的嗎？

男子：呃，有的，我要找一條褲子。

女子：什麼樣的褲子？牛仔褲嗎？

男子：不是，呃，我可以穿上上班的褲子。

女子：讓我看。這條如何？

男子：嗯。這條看起來不錯

女子：您何不試穿看看？

問題：女子是誰？

解題線索：播放問題的關鍵字為

W: How may I help you?

有什麼可以為您服務的嗎？

W: What kind of pants? Jeans?

什麼樣的褲子？牛仔褲嗎？

W: Let me see. How about this pair?

讓我看。這條如何？

W: Why don't you try them on?

您何不試穿看看？

可見女子是服飾店的店員，因此正確答案為 (B) A shop clerk. (一位店員。)。 (A) police officer (n.) 警察； (C) secretary (n.) 秘書。

第 12 題

(A) In a clothes store.

(B) In the bathroom.

(C) In the hospital.

錄音內容：

M: Mom!

W: What's wrong?

M: Did you turn off the gas? The water is cold.

W: Really? Wait a second. Let me check. Why don't you put your clothes back on?

M: But I'm all wet now. And my clothes are dirty. I've already put them in the basket.

W: Here, dry yourself off with this towel or you're going to catch a cold.

Q: Where might the boy be?

題目翻譯：

男子：媽！

女子：怎麼了？

男子：妳把瓦斯關掉了嗎？水是冷的。

女子：真的嗎？等一下。讓我看。你何不把衣服穿回去？

男子：但我現在全身都濕了。而且我的衣服是髒的。我已經把它們放到籃子裡了。

女子：拿去，用這條毛巾把身體擦乾，不然你會感冒。

問題：男孩可能在哪裡？

解題線索：播放問題的關鍵字為

M: Did you turn off the gas? The water is cold.

妳把瓦斯關掉了嗎？水是冷的。

M: But I'm all wet now. And my clothes are dirty. I've already put them in the basket.

但我現在全身都濕了。而且我的衣服是髒的。我已經把它們放到籃子裡了。

可見男孩正在浴室洗澡，因此正確答案為 (B) In the bathroom. 「在浴室裡。」。(A) clothes store 服飾店，(C) hospital (n.) 醫院。

第 13 題

(A) He cooked the spaghetti for too long.

(B) He put too much salt in the spaghetti.

(C) He used sugar in cooking the spaghetti.

錄音內容：

M: Hey. I've made some spaghetti for you.

W: Oh, lovely! (*the sound of eating food*)

M: Does it taste all right?

W: Mmm. I didn't know spaghetti could be made sweet.

M: What? I put salt in. A lot, in fact.

W: You didn't taste it first?

M: I, no. I wanted you to be the first to taste it.

W: Maybe you should try the food first next time.

M: Let me try it. Oh no! It's sweet.

Q: What mistake did the man make?

題目翻譯：

男子：嘿。我做了一些義大利麵要給妳吃。

女子：喔，太棒了！（吃東西的聲音）

男子：嚐起來的味道還可以嗎？

女子：嗯。我不知道義大利麵可以做成甜的。

男子：什麼？我放的是鹽。事實上，我放很多。

女子：你沒有先嚐嚐看嗎？

男子：我沒有。我想要妳第一個品嚐。

女子：或許下次你應該先品嚐食物。

男子：讓我吃看看。喔不！是甜的。

問題：男子犯了什麼錯誤？

解題線索：播放問題的關鍵字為

W: Mmm. I didn't know spaghetti could be made sweet.

嗯。我不知道義大利麵可以做成甜的。

M: What? I put salt in. A lot, in fact.
什麼？我放的是鹽。事實上，我放很多。

M: Let me try it. Oh no! It's sweet.
讓我吃看看。喔不！是甜的。

可推測男子誤把糖當成鹽，加了很多糖，所以義大利麵吃起來是甜的，因此正確答案為 (C) He used sugar in cooking the spaghetti. 「他煮義大利麵時加了糖。」。

第 14 題

- (A) A beach.
- (B) A gym.
- (C) A toy store.

錄音內容：

M: So how was Nakuna?

W: Lovely!

M: What did you do there?

W: Most mornings, Jamie and I just lay under a big umbrella. In the afternoon, I would go for a swim. The water was nice and warm then. And Jamie would play volleyball. The kids were always building castles. Oh, and mmm, well, we didn't do it this time, but many people were surfing.

M: Sounds great. I'm going next week.

W: You'll love it.

Q: What is Nakuna?

題目翻譯：

男子：Nakuna 如何？

女子：太棒了！

男子：妳在那裡做了什麼？

女子：大部分的早上，吉米和我就躺在大傘下。下午時，我會去游泳。那時候的水溫剛好很溫暖。傑米會去打排球。孩子們一直在堆沙堡。喔，嗯，我們這次沒有做，不過很多人在衝浪。

男子：聽起來很棒。我下週會去。

女子：你會很喜歡的。

問題：Nakuna 是什麼？

解題線索：播放問題的關鍵字為

W: Most mornings, Jamie and I just lay under a big umbrella. In the afternoon, I would go for a swim. The water was nice and warm then. And Jamie would play volleyball. The kids were always building castles. Oh, and mmm, well, we didn't do it this time, but many people were surfing.

女子：大部分的早上，吉米和我就躺在大傘下。下午時，我會去游泳。那時候的水溫剛好很溫暖。傑米會去打排球。孩子們一直在堆沙堡。喔，嗯，我們這次沒有做，不過很多人在衝浪。

女子描述的都是沙灘進行的活動，因此正確答案為 (A) A beach. 「一個沙灘。」。(B) gym (n.) 健身房；(C) toy store 玩具店。

第 15 題

(A) Noodle soup.

(B) Pizza.

(C) Steak.

錄音內容：

M: Should I make some steak for dinner?

W: Well, maybe.

M: Or how about some pizza?

W: Again?

M: What do you want then?

W: Well, it's quite cold today. And I want something that can keep me warm.

M: Like noodle soup?

W: Oh . . . Now you've read my mind.

Q: What does the woman want for dinner?

題目翻譯：

男子：晚餐要我煎一些牛排嗎？

女子：嗯，或許吧。

男子：還是要來點披薩？

女子：又吃披薩？

男子：那妳想吃什麼？

女子：嗯，今天很冷。我想要吃點可以讓身子暖和的。

男子：像是湯麵嗎？

女子：喔……現在你猜到我在想什麼了。

問題：女子晚餐想吃什麼？

解題線索：

W: Well, it's quite cold today. And I want something that can keep me warm.

嗯，今天很冷。我想要吃點可以讓身子暖和的。

M: Like noodle soup?

像是湯麵嗎？

W: Oh . . . Now you've read my mind.

喔……現在你才猜到我在想什麼。

可見女子晚餐想吃熱呼呼的湯麵，因此正確答案為 (A) Noodle soup. 「湯麵。」。

(B) pizza (n.) 披薩；(C) steak (n.) 牛排。

第 16 題

(A) Bags.

(B) Gift cards.

(C) Apples.

錄音內容：

M: Look at this. The apples are only twenty dollars each.

W: Wow! That's cheap. Let's get some. Oh, I think I've got this gift card that'll save us some money. (*the sound of the woman rifling her bag*) That's strange. I remember I put it in my bag.

M: Maybe you put it in another bag. That's fine. They're already cheap enough.

Q: What will the man and the woman buy?

題目翻譯：

男子：看這個。這些蘋果一顆只要二十元。

女子：哇！那好便宜。我們買一些吧。喔，我想我有禮券可以替我們省點錢。(女子翻包包找東西的聲音) 奇怪了。我記得把它放在我包包裡。

男子：或許妳把它放在另一個包包。沒關係。它們已經很便宜了。

問題：男子和女子要買什麼？

解題線索：

M: Look at this. The apples are only twenty dollars each.

看這個。這些蘋果一顆只要二十元。

W: Wow! That's cheap. Let's get some. Oh, I think I've got this gift card that'll save us some money.

哇！那好便宜。我們買一些吧。喔，我想我有禮券可以替我們省點錢。

可見兩人要買蘋果，因此正確答案為 (C) Apples. 「蘋果。」。(A) bag (n.) 包包；

(B) gift card (n.) 禮券。

第 17 題

(A) Buy video games.

(B) Play a baseball game.

(C) See the dentist.

錄音內容：

M1: You know, it's almost eight o'clock. You don't want to be late for your PE baseball game.

M2: I know. I'll be ready in a minute

M1: Fine. I'll pick you up at school at noon. And after lunch, we'll go to the dentist.

M2: But you said you would take me to buy video games.

M1: That's tonight, after your mom comes home.

Q: What will the boy do in the afternoon?

題目翻譯：

男子：你知道，現在已經快八點了。體育課的棒球比賽，你不想要遲到吧。

男孩：我知道。我馬上就好。

男子：好。我中午會到學校接你。午餐過後，我們要去牙醫診所。

男孩：可是你說要帶我去買電玩。

男子：那是今天晚上，等你媽回家後。

問題：男孩下午將會做什麼？

解題線索：

M1: Fine. I'll pick you up at school at noon. And after lunch, we'll go to the dentist.

好。我中午會到學校接你。午餐過後，我們要去牙醫診所。

可見下午爸爸會帶男孩去看牙醫，因此正確答案為 (C) See the dentist. 「看牙醫。」。(A) Buy video games.

「買電玩。」(是在晚上)、(B) Play a baseball game. 「參加棒球比賽。」(是在早上) 皆為錯誤選項。

第 18 題

- (A) Change to a faster train.
- (B) Get off at the next stop.
- (C) Stay on the train.

錄音內容：

W: Your ticket, please.

M: Here you go.

W: Oh, sir, I'm afraid you took the wrong train. This is not RJ306.

M: What? But the guy at the station said it's going to Vienna.

W: Well, it is. But this is a slower train. It'll arrive 20 minutes later than RJ306.

M: Will it stop at the West Station too?

W: Yes.

M: Well, I guess it's OK then.

Q: What will the man do?

題目翻譯：

女子：麻煩出示您的票。

男子：給妳。

女子：喔，先生，您搭錯火車了。這班車不是 RJ306。

男子：什麼？可是車站人員說這班車是開往維也納的。

女子：嗯，是沒錯。但這班是慢車。它會比 RJ306 晚二十分鐘抵達。

男子：這班車也有停靠在西站嗎？

女子：有的。

男子：嗯，那就沒問題了。

問題：男子將會做什麼？

解題線索：

M: Will it stop at the West Station too?

這班車也有停靠在西站嗎？

W: Yes.

有的。

M: Well, I guess it's OK then.

嗯，那就沒問題了。

可見男子會繼續搭乘這班火車，因此正確答案為 (C) Stay on the train.「留在這班火車上。」。(A) Change to a faster train.「改搭較快速的火車。」、(B) Get off at the next stop.「在下一站下車。」皆為錯誤選項。

第 19 題

- (A) He didn't know someone moved in.
- (B) Lots of ghost movies were made there.
- (C) Ghosts often appear in Ghost Month.

錄音內容：

W: What happened? You look like you just saw a ghost.

M: I did!

W: What are you talking about? It's not Ghost Month yet.

M: You know the old house at the end of our street?

W: Yeah . . .

M: No one has lived there for years, but I just saw a woman walking inside. And she was wearing all white in the dark.

W: Oh, that's Sarah.

M: You even know the ghost's name?

W: Oh, please. You should stop watching those ghost movies. I met her this morning. She just bought that house.

Q: Why did the man think he saw a ghost in the old house?

題目翻譯：

女子：發生什麼事了？你看起來像剛見到鬼了。

男子：我真的見鬼了！

女子：你在說什麼？鬼月還沒到呢？

男子：妳知道在我們這條街盡頭的那間老房子嗎？

女子：知道啊……

男子：那裡好幾年沒有人住了，但我剛看到一個女人走進去。在黑暗中她全身都穿白色的。

女子：喔，那是莎拉。

男子：妳連鬼的名字都知道？

女子：喔，拜託。你不應該再看那些鬼片了。我今天早上剛認識她。她剛買下那間房子。

問題：為什麼男子認為他在那間老房子裡見到鬼了？

解題線索：

M: You even know the ghost's name?

妳連鬼的名字都知道？

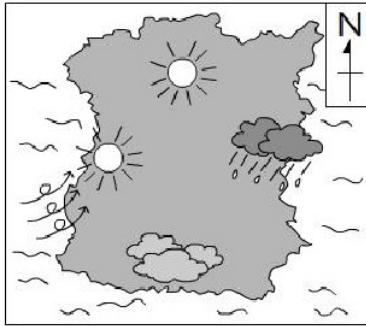
W: Oh, please. You should stop watching those ghost movies. I met her this morning. She just bought that house.

喔，拜託。你不應該再看那些鬼片了。我今天早上認識了她。她剛買下那間房子。

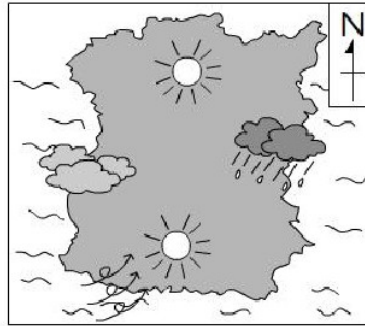
可見男子因為不知道有人搬進去那間老房子，才會誤把新屋主當成是鬼，因此正確答案為 (A) He didn't know someone moved in. 「他不知道有人搬進去住。」。(B) Lots of ghost movies were made there. 「很多鬼片都在那裡拍攝。」、(C) Ghosts often appear in Ghost Month. 「鬼魂常在鬼月出現。」皆為錯誤選項。

第 20 題

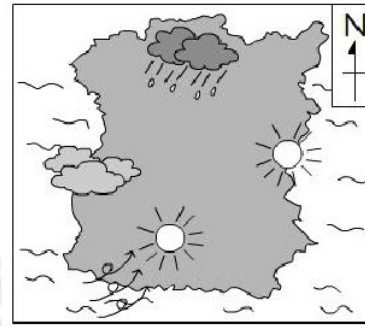
(A)



(B)



(C)



錄音內容：

W: This is the seven o'clock a.m. weather report. It's clear in the north, and you'll see the sun today. However, if you live in the east, you'll need an umbrella to keep yourself from getting wet. Moving down to the south, it's going to be sunny. But there will be some strong winds coming from the sea. As to the west, the sky will be gray all day.

Q: Which picture shows what the weather is like today?

題目翻譯：

女子：現在是早上七點的天氣預報。北部天氣晴朗，今天可以看到太陽。然而，如果你住在東部，你會需要帶把傘以免淋濕。南部是豔陽高照的天氣。但將會有從海面上吹來的強風。至於西部，一整天都將是陰天。

問題：哪張圖片顯示出今天的天氣狀況？

解題線索：

It's clear in the north, and you'll see the sun today. 「北部天氣晴朗，今天可以看到太陽。」、However, if you live in the east, you'll need an umbrella to keep yourself from getting wet. 「然而，如果你住在東部，你會需要帶把傘以免淋濕。」、Moving down to the south, it's going to be sunny. But there will be some strong winds coming from the sea. 「南部是豔陽高照的天氣。但將會有從海面上吹來的強風。」、As to the west, the sky will be gray all day. 「至於西部，一整天都將是陰天。」，因此正確答案為 (B)。

第 21 題

(A) Invite his grandma to come for Christmas.

(B) Practice speaking Chinese with his grandma.

(C) Write to his grandma in English.

錄音內容：

W: Gary, you've been sitting at the desk for hours. This is not like you.

M: I'm trying to tell Grandma how we spent Christmas this year. But it's really hard to do it in Chinese.

W: Don't you know she can read English now? She's been taking classes.

M: Why didn't you tell me earlier? It took me ages to put down only two sentences!

Q: What will the boy do next?

題目翻譯：

女子：蓋瑞，你已經坐在書桌前好幾個小時了。這不像你。

男子：我試著要告訴奶奶我們今年是如何渡過聖誕節的。但真的很難用中文表達。

女子：你不知道她現在會看英文了嗎？她一直都有在上課。

男子：妳為什麼不有點跟我說？我花了很久的時間才寫了兩句話！

問題：男孩接下來會做什麼？

解題線索：

M: I'm trying to tell Grandma how we spent Christmas this year. But it's really hard to do it in Chinese.

我試著要告訴奶奶我們今年是如何渡過聖誕節的。但真的很難用中文表達。

W: Don't you know she can read English now? She's been taking classes.

你不知道她現在會看英文了嗎？她一直都有在上課。

M: Why didn't you tell me earlier? It took me ages to put down only two sentences!

妳為什麼不有點跟我說？我花了很久的時間才寫了兩句話！

可見男孩接下來會用英文書寫，告訴奶奶他們是如何渡過聖誕節的，因此正確答案為 (C) Write to his grandma in English. 「用英文寫信給他奶奶。」。(A) Invite his grandma to come for Christmas. 「邀請他奶奶來過聖誕節。」、(B) Practice speaking Chinese with his grandma. 「和他奶奶練習說中文。」皆為錯誤選項。

閱讀試題

第一部分: 單題 (第 1-15 題, 共 15 題)

1. Look at the picture. The girl is _____ the clothes.

(A) making

(B) packing

(C) showing

(D) washing

題目翻譯：看圖片。女孩正在 _____ 衣服。

解題線索：地上有一些紙箱，女孩正把衣服疊好打包放進紙箱中，因此正確答案為 (B) packing 「(把……) 打包，裝箱」。(A) making 「製做」、(C) showing 「展示」、(D) washing 「洗」，以上選項皆與圖片不符。



2. The _____ is so strong today that my hair keeps blowing in the air.

(A) rain

(B) snow

(C) sun

(D) wind

題目翻譯：今天的 _____ 很強，以致於我的頭髮一直在空中飛舞。

解題線索：後半句提到「頭髮一直在空中飛舞」，可推測應該是「風很強」造成的，因此正確答案為 (D) wind 「風」。(A) rain 「雨」、(B) snow 「雪」、(C) sun 「太陽」均不符文意，皆為錯誤選項。

3. When the baby cried, Mr. Wu _____ in the kitchen and did not hear it.

(A) cooked

(B) was cooking

(C) has cooked

(D) is going to cook

題目翻譯：當寶寶在哭時，吳先生 _____ 廚房 _____，沒有聽見。

解題線索：「寶寶在哭」是發生在過去某時間點的事，表達當時正在進行的另一個動作應使用過去進行式，因此正確答案為 (B) was cooking 「當時正在煮飯」。(A) cooked 為 cook 的過去式或過去分詞，無法表達當時正在進行的動作、(C) has cooked 為現在完成式，不符文意、(D) is going to cook 「將要去煮飯」為未來式，不符文意。

4. I don't have any money with me because I _____ my wallet this morning.

- (A) had lost (B) would lose
(C) lost (D) was losing

題目翻譯：我身上沒有錢，因為今天早上我 _____ 我的皮夾。

解題線索：前半句提到「我身上沒有錢」，可推測是因為皮夾掉了所以才沒有錢，句尾出現過去時間副詞 this morning，應使用過去簡單式，因此正確答案為 (C) lost 「弄丟，遺失」，為動詞 lose 的過去式。(A) had lost 過去完成式，通常要表達在過去某一時間點之前發生的事才會用過去完成式、(B) would lose 過去未來式，不符文意、(D) was losing 過去進行式，「遺失錢包」非持續進行的動作，無需使用進行式，為錯誤選項。

5. You need not only good luck but also hard work to become a _____ baseball player.

- (A) young (B) successful (C) happy (D) friendly

題目翻譯：要成為一位 _____ 的棒球選手，你不僅需要好運還需要努力。

解題線索：前半句提到「你不僅需要好運還需要努力」，這是成為一位「成功的」棒球選手的必備條件，因此正確答案為 (B) successful 「成功的」。

(A) young 「年輕的」、(C) happy 「高興的」、(D) friendly 「友善的」，以上均不符合文意，皆為錯誤選項。

6. The woman who lives next door to Ken is a _____ to him. They have never met and he doesn't even know her name.

- (A) daughter (B) friend
(C) stranger (D) teacher

題目翻譯：住在肯隔壁的女人對他來說是位 _____。他們從沒見過面，他甚至不知道她的名字。

解題線索：第二句提到「他們從沒見過面，他甚至不知道她的名字。」，可見兩人完全不認識，因此正確答案為 (C) stranger 「陌生人」。(A) daughter 「女兒」、(B) friend 「朋友」、(D) teacher 「老師」均不符文意，皆為錯誤選項。

7. With the new bus line, it is much more _____ for Fanny to go to school. It saves her a lot of time now.

- (A) useful (B) possible
(C) interesting (D) convenient

題目翻譯：有了新的公車路線，芬妮要上學就 _____ 多了。現在她可以節省很多時間。

解題線索：第二句提到「現在她可以節省很多時間。」，可見因為有了新公車路線現在上學很方便，因此正確答案為 (D) convenient 「便利的」。(A) useful 「有用的」、(B) possible 「可能的」、(C) interesting 「有趣的」均不符文意，皆為錯誤選項。

8. Dad: Have you brushed your teeth yet?

Ann: No, but I _____ before I go to bed.

(A) haven't

(B) have

(C) won't

(D) will

題目翻譯：

爸爸：妳刷牙了嗎？

安：還沒，不過我在上床睡覺前 _____。

解題線索：表達在未來會做的事，需使用未來式，因此正確答案為 (D) will，完整回答為No, but I will brush my teeth before I go to bed. 「還沒，不過我在上床睡覺前會刷牙。」。(A) haven't 用以形成現在完成式的否定語氣、(B) have用以形成現在完成式，表達已經完成某事、(C) won't用以形成未來式的否定語氣，表示將不會做某事，以上均不符文意，皆為錯誤選項。

9. Alice: Do you know _____ Grandma is going to visit us?

Willy: It's next week. She told me on the phone. And we'll take her to the national park.

(A) where

(B) when

(C) whether

(D) why

題目翻譯：

愛麗絲：你知道奶奶 _____ 要來探望我們嗎？

威利：是下個禮拜。她在電話裡跟我說了。我們要帶她去國家公園。

解題線索：威利回答提到It's next week. 「是下個禮拜。」，可見愛麗絲是詢問他奶奶要來探訪的時間，因此正確答案為 (B) when 「何時」。

(A) where 「哪裡」、(C) whether 「是否」、(D) why 「為什麼」均不符文意，皆為錯誤選項。

10. It took the police lots of time _____ who entered Liu's house and killed her one year ago.

(A) and found out

(B) find out

(C) finding out

(D) to find out

題目翻譯：警方花了很多時間才 _____ 一年前是誰進入劉的房子，並殺害了她。

解題線索：句型 it takes someone (time) to V. 表示「某人做某事花了多少時間」，空格應填入不定詞，因此正確答案為 (D) to find out 「查出」。其餘選項均不符文法。

11. Many famous people visit this restaurant. Popular singers like A-mei and Jay Chou

_____ here with their friends.

(A) to be often seen

(B) often seen

(C) are often seen

(D) and are often seen

題目翻譯：許多名人光顧這間餐廳。受歡迎的歌星，如阿妹和周杰倫，_____ 和他們的朋友們在這裡。

解題線索：句子的主詞為Popular singers like A-mei and Jay Chou，受歡迎的歌星是被看到且陳述一般事實，應使用現在式被動語態，因此正確答案為 (C) are often seen「經常被看見」。(A) to be often seen，句子缺乏主要動詞，不能單獨使用不定詞、(B) often seen，缺少be動詞無法形成被動語態、(D) and are often seen，空格前為主詞，不能以 and 連接另一個動詞，以上皆為錯誤選項。

12. The factory has been throwing trash into the river for years. Now _____ must be taken to stop this.

- (A) action (B) chances
(C) exercise (D) notes

題目翻譯：該間工廠多年來一直將垃圾丟進那條河裡。現在必須採取 _____ 來阻止這種情況。
解題線索：空格後出現 **must be taken**，**take action** 為固定搭配用法，表示「採取行動」，因此正確答案為 (A) **action**。(B) **changes**「改變」，為名詞**change**的複數形，通常搭配動詞**make**、(C) **exercise**「運動；鍛鍊；練習」、(D) **notes**「記錄，筆記」，**take notes** 表示「做筆記」，以上皆為錯誤選項。

13. The beach party tonight _____ the end of our summer vacation. Tomorrow we are all going back home and get ready for school.

- (A) changes (B) marks
(C) passes (D) saves

題目翻譯：今晚的海灘派對 _____ 我們暑假的結束。明天我們都要回家並準備開學。
解題線索：**mark the end of N.** 表示「代表……的結束」，因此正確答案為 (B) **marks**「代表；標誌」。(A) **changes**「改變」、(C) **passes**「經過；(時間)過去；通過(考試、課程等)；傳遞」、(D) **saves**「挽救；儲蓄；儲存(電腦上的資料)」，以上皆為錯誤選項。

14. Anyone who reads Loren's business plan will quickly see some serious problems in it, or _____ feel something is not right.

- (A) at least (B) even
(C) in fact (D) still

題目翻譯：任何人看了洛倫的營運計畫很快就會發現裡面有一些嚴重的問題，或 _____ 感覺不太對勁。
解題線索：前半句提到「任何人看了洛倫的營運計畫很快就會發現裡面有一些嚴重的問題」，後半句陳述的「感覺不太對勁」，是比較輕微的感覺，因此正確答案為 (A) **at least**「至少」。(B) **even**「甚至」、(C) **in fact**「事實上」、(D) **still**「仍然」均不符文意，皆為錯誤選項。

15. I've wanted to read *The Diary of a Young Girl* for months, _____ today I finally borrowed the book from the library.

- (A) and (B) since
(C) so (D) until

題目翻譯：幾個月來我一直很想看《一個年輕女孩的日記》，_____ 今天我終於去圖書館借了這本書。
解題線索：前後句語意連貫，因此正確答案為 (A) **and**「而且」。(B) **since**「自從……；既然」、(D) **until**「直到……時候」，以上均不符文意，皆為錯誤選項。

第二部分: 題組 (第 16-41 題, 共 26 題)

(16-18)

Robert likes to take a walk in the park after work. One day when he was walking in the park, he heard a woman calling his name. He stopped to look around, but didn't see anything _____. Shortly after Robert saw it, it was gone.

Though Robert felt a little strange, he did not think about it too much and sat down for a rest on a bench in the park. Then he noticed the snake he had just seen _____. Robert was too afraid to move away from the bench. Right at this moment, a woman behind him shouted, "Come here, Robert. You can't stay on the bench like that. _____."

In surprise, Robert turned around and said to the woman, "Excuse me, but that's not a very nice thing to say, and in fact some people say I'm handsome."

"I'm not talking to you," said the woman. "I'm telling Robert, my pet snake, to get down from the bench, not you."



16. He stopped to look around, but didn't see anything _____.

- (A) like a snake
- (B) that could move
- (C) except a little snake
- (D) that could make noise

題目翻譯: 他停下來四處觀看, 但沒有看到任何東西 _____。

解題線索: 後一句提到 *Shortly after Robert saw it, it was gone.* 「羅伯特看到它不久後, 它就不見了。」, 可見空格裡應該會出現代名詞 *it* 所指的東西, 因此正確答案為 (C) *except a little snake* 「除了一條小蛇。」。*didn't see anything expect* 表示「只看到……」。(A) *like a snake* 「像一條蛇。」, 不符文意, 故為錯誤選項。(B) *that could move* 「會移動的。」, 不符文意, 故為錯誤選項。(D) *that could make noise* 「會製造噪音的」, 不符文意, 故為錯誤選項。

17. Then he noticed the snake he had just seen _____.

- (A) climbing up the bench
- (B) running after a woman
- (C) stopping beside his feet
- (D) falling down from a tree

題目翻譯: 然後他注意到他剛看到的那條蛇 _____。

解題線索: 前一句提到他坐在公園的長椅上休息, 下一句提到他太害怕了所以不敢從長椅上離開, 可推測那條蛇應該是爬上長椅了, 因此正確答案為 (A) *climbing up the bench* 「爬上長椅」。(B) *running after a woman* 「追一個女人」, 不符文意, 故為錯誤選項。(C) *stopping beside his feet* 「停在他的腳邊」, 不符文意, 故為錯誤選項。(D) *falling down from a tree* 「從樹上跌下來」, 不符文意, 故為錯誤選項。

18. You can't stay on the bench like that. _____.

- (A) The bench is broken
- (B) The seat has been taken
- (C) People will be scared by you
- (D) The paint of the bench is still wet

題目翻譯：_____。

解題線索：下一段羅伯特對女子說 Excuse me, but that's not a very nice thing to say, and in fact some people say I'm handsome. 「不好意思，那樣說很難聽，而且事實上有些人說我很帥。」，可推測女子應該是說了令羅伯特覺得受到冒犯的話，因此正確答案為 (C) People will be scared by you 「人們會被你嚇到」。(A) The bench is broken 「那張長椅壞了」、(B) The seat has been taken 「那個位子有人坐了」、(D) The paint of the bench is still wet 「長椅上的油漆還沒乾」，以上均不符文意，皆為錯誤選項。

(19-21)

If you cannot live without your car, Zurich might be the last city you would like to visit. In Zurich, people are welcome, but cars are not! Over the past 20 years, this city has used smart ways _____. One is to keep the same total number of parking spaces. For example, if 50 new parking spaces are built in one part of the city, then 50 old spaces in other parts are taken away for other uses. So the total number does not change. Some are unhappy that there are never enough spaces. That is just what the city has in mind: If people find parking more difficult, they will drive less.

_____, the total number of cars in the city is counted. Over 3,500 little computers are put under Zurich roads to check the number of cars that enter the city. If the number is higher than the city can deal with, the traffic lights on the roads that enter the city will be kept red. So drivers who are traveling into Zurich have to stop and wait until there are fewer cars in the city. Now, you may wonder _____. The answer is simple: The city wants to make more space for its people.



19. Over the past 20 years, this city has used smart ways _____.

- (A) to make traffic lighter
- (B) to invite people to visit
- (C) to make itself a famous city
- (D) to build more parking spaces

題目翻譯：過去的二十年來，該座城市使用聰明的方式 _____。

解題線索：前一句提到在蘇黎世汽車不受歡迎，後一句提到其中一個方法是保持固定數量的停車格，可見該座城市是使用各種聰明的方式來減少交通量，因此正確答案為 (A) to make traffic lighter 「減少交通量」。(B) to invite people to visit 「邀請人們來訪」、(C) to make itself a famous city 「使自己成為知名的城市」、(D) to build more parking spaces 「建造更多停車位」，以上均不符文意，皆為錯誤選項。

20. _____, the total number of cars in the city is counted.

(A) This way

(B) However

(C) For example

(D) Also

題目翻譯：_____，城市裡汽車的總數會被計算。

解題線索：前一段提到減少交通量的其中一個做法是保持固定數量的停車格，空格後陳述的是另一個減少交通量的方式，因此正確答案為 (D) Also「此外」。(A) This way「這樣一來」、(B) However「然而」、(C) For example「舉例而言」，以上均不符文意，皆為錯誤選項。

21. Now, you may wonder _____.

(A) why Zurich is doing this

(B) what all this has cost Zurich

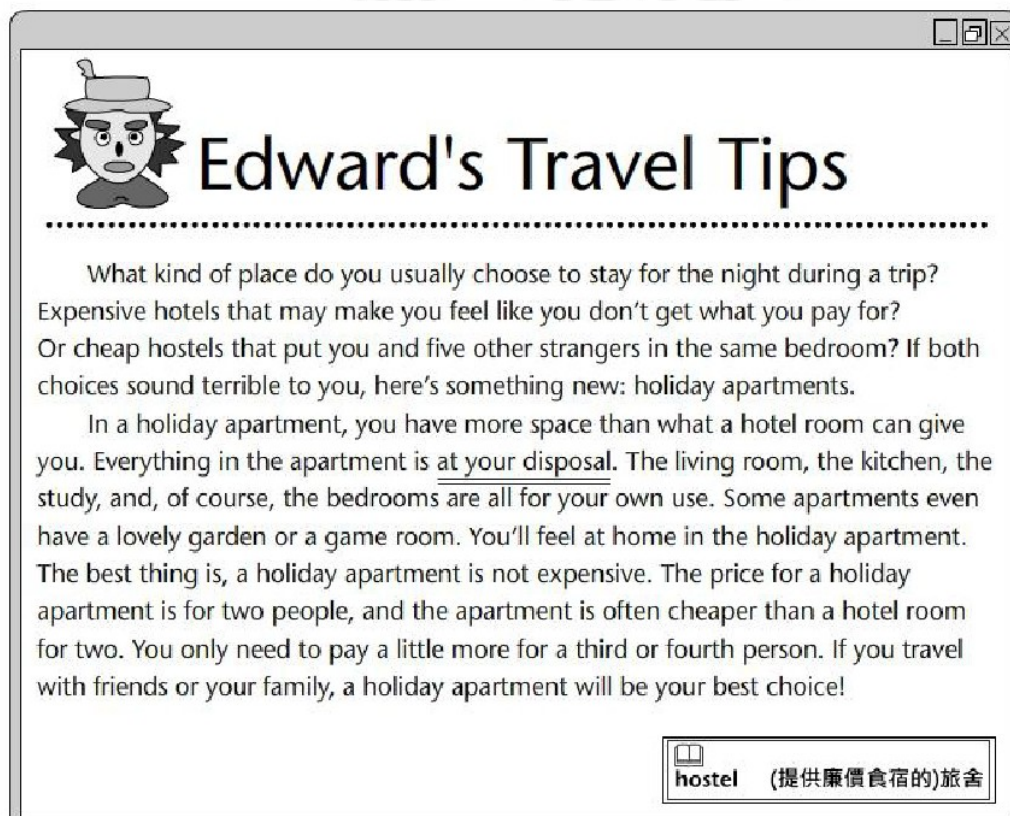
(C) if Zurich should try other ways


(D) if Zurich can deal with angry drivers

題目翻譯：現在，你也許會納悶 _____。

解題線索：後一句指出The answer is simple: The city wants to make more space for its people.「答案很簡單：該座城市想為市民創造更多空間。」，可見題目句是在詢問原因，因此正確答案為 (A) why Zurich is doing「為什麼蘇黎世要這麼做」。(B) what all this has cost Zurich「蘇黎世這麼做要付出什麼代價」、(C) if Zurich should try other ways「蘇黎世是否應該嘗試其他方式」、(D) if Zurich can deal with angry drivers「蘇黎世是否能應付生氣的駕駛」，以上均不符文意，皆為錯誤選項。


(22-24)



 Edward's Travel Tips

What kind of place do you usually choose to stay for the night during a trip?
Expensive hotels that may make you feel like you don't get what you pay for?
Or cheap hostels that put you and five other strangers in the same bedroom? If both choices sound terrible to you, here's something new: holiday apartments.

In a holiday apartment, you have more space than what a hotel room can give you. Everything in the apartment is at your disposal. The living room, the kitchen, the study, and, of course, the bedrooms are all for your own use. Some apartments even have a lovely garden or a game room. You'll feel at home in the holiday apartment. The best thing is, a holiday apartment is not expensive. The price for a holiday apartment is for two people, and the apartment is often cheaper than a hotel room for two. You only need to pay a little more for a third or fourth person. If you travel with friends or your family, a holiday apartment will be your best choice!

 **hostel** (提供廉價食宿的)旅舍

22. What is the reading mostly about?

- (A) Where to find a nice holiday apartment.
- (B) How to choose a nice holiday apartment.
- (C) Why one should choose a holiday apartment.
- (D) How one can change their house into a holiday apartment.

題目翻譯：這篇文章主要關於什麼？

解題線索：文中講述度假公寓的優點：空間較飯店大、房間可自行使用、感覺像在家一樣舒適、價格較飯店便宜等，因此正確答案為 (C) Why one should choose a holiday apartment. 「為什麼人們應該選擇度假公寓。」(A) Where to find a nice holiday apartment. 「要去哪裡找一間很棒的度假公寓。」(B) How to choose a nice holiday apartment. 「如何選擇一間很棒的度假公寓。」(D) How one can change their house into a holiday apartment. 「人們可以如何將房子改為度假公寓。」，以上均非文章大意，皆為錯誤選項。

23. From the reading, what can we learn about holiday apartments?

- (A) They are good for people who like to take one-day trips.
- (B) They are good for people who travel in a group of three or more.
- (C) They are good for people who want to make new friends when traveling.
- (D) They are good for people who like to spend their holidays in the country.

題目翻譯：從文章中我們可以得知關於度假公寓的什麼內容？

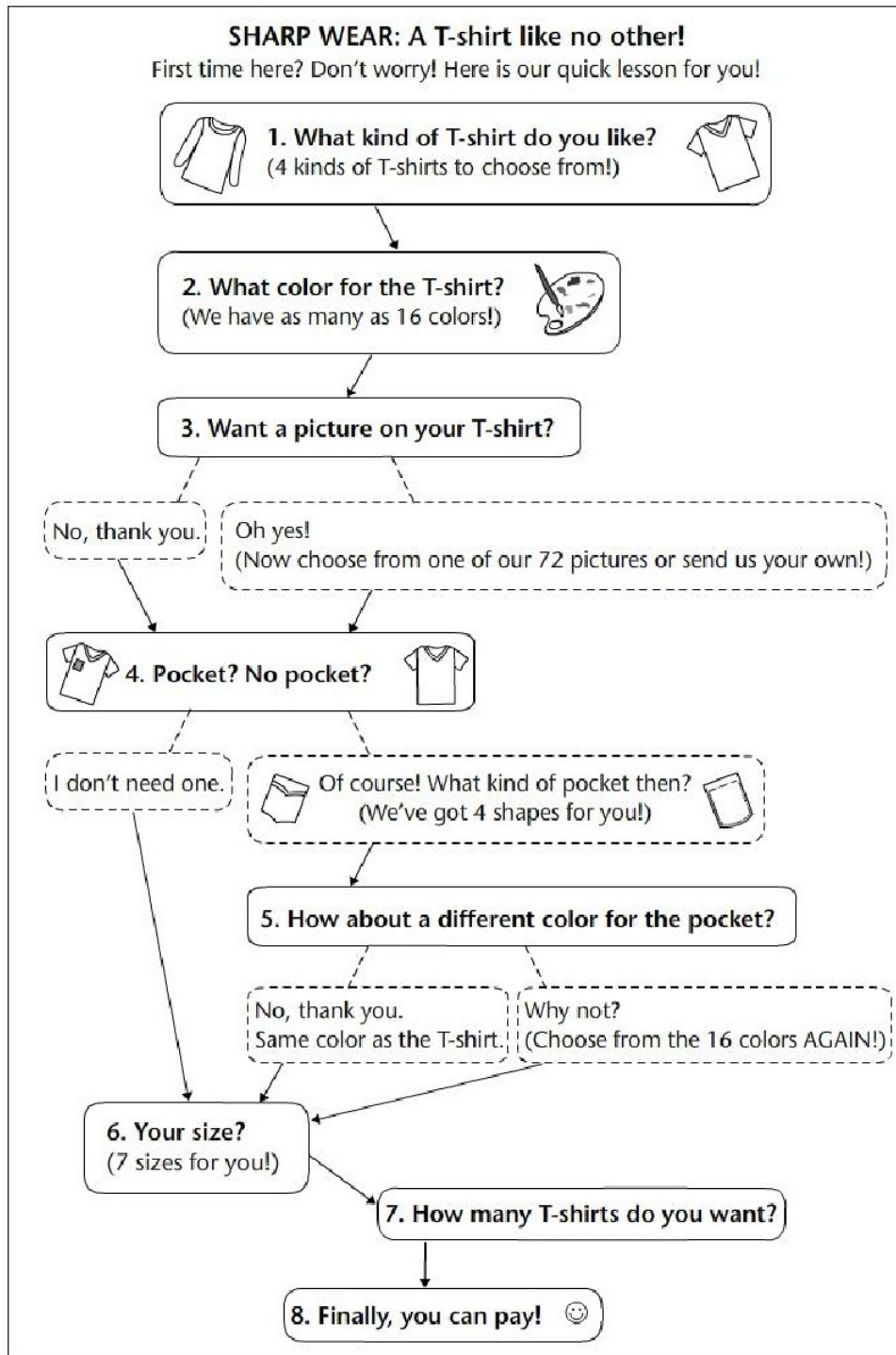
解題線索：文章中提到 The price for a holiday apartment is for two people, . . . You only need to pay a little more for a third or fourth person. If you travel with friends or with your family, a holiday apartment will be your best choice! 「度假公寓的價格是以兩人計算，……第三或第四人只需再多付一點錢。如果你和朋友們或家人一起旅行，度假公寓是最佳選擇！」，可見度假公寓適合多人的團體，因此正確答案為 (B) They are good for people who travel in a group of three or more. 「它們適合三人或以上的旅行團體。」(A) They are good for people who like to take one-day trips. 「它們適合喜歡一日遊的人。」(C) They are good for people who want to make new friends when traveling. 「它們適合想要在旅行中結交新朋友的人。」(D) They are good for people who like to spend their holidays in the country. 「它們適合喜歡去鄉下度假的人。」，以上均非文章提到的內容，皆為錯誤選項。

24. What does it mean to say that something is at your disposal?

- (A) You are free to use it.
- (B) You can find it everywhere.
- (C) You know everything about it.
- (D) You can buy it at a lower price.

題目翻譯：說某物可供你使用是什麼意思？

解題線索：關鍵句為 Everything in the apartment is at your disposal. The living room, the kitchen, the study, and of course, the bedrooms are all for your own use. 「公寓的一切都供你使用。客廳、廚房、書房，當然還有臥室，全都可自行使用。」，因此正確答案為 (A) You are free to use it. 「你可以隨意使用它。」(B) You can find it everywhere. 「你在任何地方都找得到它。」(C) You know everything about it. 「你對它十分了解。」(D) You can buy it at a lower price. 「你可以用較低的價格買到它。」，以上皆為錯誤選項。



25. What is the quick lesson of **SHARP WEAR** about?
- (A) How to get to one of **SHARP WEAR**'s stores.
 - (B) How to send back a T-shirt to **SHARP WEAR**.
 - (C) How to shop for a T-shirt from **SHARP WEAR**.
 - (D) How to take care of a T-shirt from **SHARP WEAR**.
- 題目翻譯：**SHARP WEAR**的快速教學是關於什麼？

解題線索：內容提到八個步驟：選擇T恤的款式、選擇T恤的顏色、選擇T恤上是否要有圖樣、是否要口袋、口袋是否要不同顏色、尺寸、件數、付款，可見是教導消費者如何購買 **SHARP WEAR** 的T恤，因此正確答案為 (C) How to shop for a T-shirt from **SHARP WEAR**.「如何向 **SHARP WEAR** 購買T恤。」。(A) How to get to one of **SHARP WEAR**'s stores.「如何去 **SHARP WEAR** 的其中一間店。」、(B) How to send back a T-shirt to **SHARP WEAR**.「如何將T恤寄還給 **SHARP WEAR**。」、(D) How to take care of a T-shirt from **SHARP WEAR**.「如何照顧 **SHARP WEAR** 的T恤。」，以上內容均未提及，皆為錯誤選項。

26. What can we learn about **SHARP WEAR**?

- (A) You have to order at least four T-shirts each time.
- (B) You can choose from sixteen colors for both the T-shirt and the pocket.
- (C) Some of the T-shirts have pictures on both the front side and the back side.
- (D) T-shirts in the wrong sizes cannot be sent back if they have pictures or pockets on them.

題目翻譯：我們可以得知關於**SHARP WEAR** 的什麼內容？

解題線索：文中提到We have as many as 16 colors!「我們有多達十六種顏色！」，在選擇口袋是否要用不同顏色時，提及 Choose from the 16 colors AGAIN!「再次從那十六種顏色中挑選！」，因此正確答案為 (B) You can choose from sixteen colors for both the T-shirt and the pocket.「T恤與口袋都有十六種顏色可以挑選。」。(A) You have to order at least four T-shirts each time.「每次至少需訂購四件T恤。」、(C) Some of the T-shirts have pictures on both the front side and the back side.「有些T恤的正面與背面都有圖案。」、(D) T-shirts in the wrong sizes cannot be sent back if they have pictures or pockets on them.「尺寸不對的T恤如果上面有圖案或口袋則不能退還。」，以上內容均未提及，皆為錯誤選項。

(27-28)

The sky is turning bright and clear.
The earth is wearing red and green.
Winter is gone; spring has come.
The air smells fresh and sweet.

The summer heat is not yet here;
A little fox comes out to play.
A bird is busy in a tree
Waking a daisy from her sleep.

Little daisy, little daisy,
People call the flower the "day's eye."
When she opens her eye,
The springtime brings us cheer.

27. Which season is this poem about?

- (A) Spring.
- (B) Summer.
- (C) Autumn.
- (D) Winter.



題目翻譯：這首詩是關於什麼季節？

解題線索：內容提到 *Winter is gone; spring has come.* 「冬天過了；春天來了。」，全文講述的皆為春天的景象，因此正確答案為 (A) Spring. 「春天。」。

28. What is a daisy?

(A) A body part.

(B) A kind of bird.

(C) A kind of flower.

(D) A kind of smell.

題目翻譯：daisy 是什麼？

解題線索：內容提到 *Little daisy, little daisy,* 「小雛菊，小雛菊，」、*People call the flower the “day’s eye.”* 「人們稱這種花為『日之眼』。」，因此正確答案為 (C) A kind of flower. 「一種花。」。(A) A body part. 「一個身體部位。」、(B) A kind of bird. 「一種鳥。」、(D) A kind of smell. 「一種味道。」皆為錯誤選項。

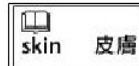
(29-31)

When we get wet, we need a towel to get ourselves dry. When a dog gets wet, all it needs is to shake its body. A study in 2010 showed that a wet dog can throw off half the water on its body by shaking for less than a second. In fact, this common act of dogs works better than a washing machine.



The study found that animal shaking begins with the head and ends with the tail. During a shake, the animal’s head, body and skin all move. Smaller animals must shake faster than bigger animals to get water off. For example, in one second, a rat can shake 18 times, a dog 6 times, and a bear 4 times. Bigger animals can get their bodies dry with fewer shakes.

For animals, shaking is not just about getting themselves dry. It is also about saving their lives. Being wet makes animals heavier, and that makes it harder to run. In the animal world, how fast an animal can run often decides whether it will live or not. Maybe that’s why the “wet-dog shake” has become a common habit of many animals.



29. What does the reading say about shaking?

(A) Different animals’ shaking begins with different body parts.

(B) Shaking is a way that animals use to make other animals scared.

(C) Animals that are not kept as pets do the shaking better than those that are.

(D) Shaking themselves dry may help animals run faster in dangerous moments.

題目翻譯：文章提到關於甩動的什麼內容？

解題線索：文中提到 **In the animal world, how fast an animal can run often decides whether it will live or not.**「在動物的世界裡，動物跑的速度通常決定其是否能夠存活。」，因此正確答案為 **(D) Shaking themselves dry may help animals run faster in dangerous moments.**「把自己甩乾有助於動物在危險時刻能夠跑快一點。」。**(A) Different animals' shaking begins with different body parts.**「不同動物的甩動從不同的身體部位開始。」、**(B) Shaking is a way that animals use to make other animals scared.**「甩動是一種動物用來使其他動物害怕的方式。」、**(C) Animals that are not kept as pets do the shaking better than those that are.**「非當作寵物飼養的動物比當作寵物飼養的動物還要會甩動。」，以上內容均未提及，皆為錯誤選項。

30. What can we learn from the reading?

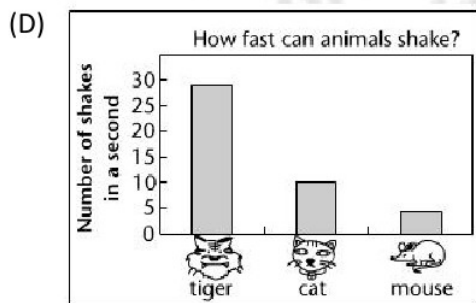
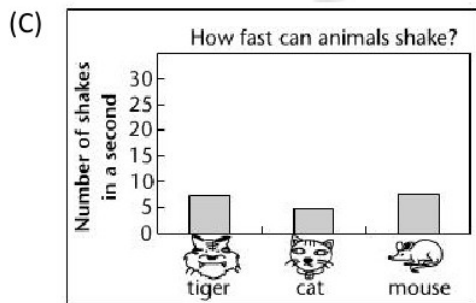
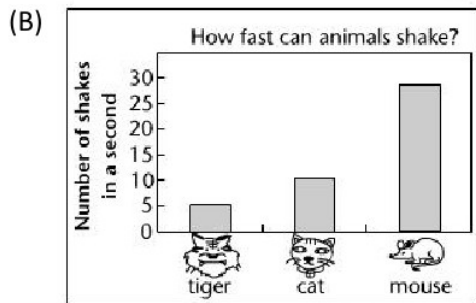
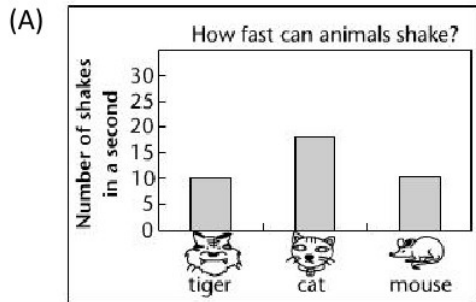
- (A) The animal's tail can help it run more quickly and easily.
- (B) Some animals shake more than they need to get water off.
- (C) The idea of washing machines came from the shaking of dogs.
- (D) Larger animals get themselves drier at each shake than smaller animals.

題目翻譯：我們可以從文中得知什麼內容？

解題線索：文中提到 **Bigger animals can get their bodies dry with fewer shakes.**「較大型的動物可以用比較少次來讓身體變乾。」，因此正確答案為 **(D) Larger animals get themselves drier at each shake than smaller animals.**「較大型的動物與較小型動物相比，每甩動一次可以讓自己變得更乾。」。**(A) The animal's tail can help it run more quickly and easily.**「動物的尾巴可以幫助其跑得更快且更輕鬆。」、**(B) Some animals shake more than they need to get water off.**「有些動物甩動的次數會超出實際所需要的，來把水甩乾。」、**(C) The idea of washing machines came from the shaking of dogs.**「洗衣機的概念源自於狗狗的甩動。」，以上內容均未提及，皆為錯誤選項。

31. The four pictures below show how fast tigers, cats and mice can shake. From the reading, which picture is most likely correct?

likely 可能

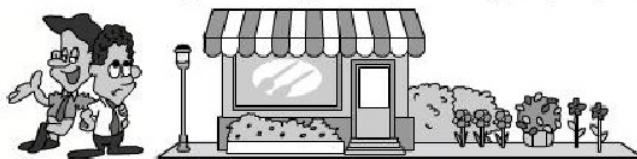


題目翻譯：下面四張圖顯示出老虎、貓，與老鼠可以甩動多快。根據文章內容，哪一張圖最可能是正確的？

解題線索：文中提到 **Smaller animals must shake faster than bigger animals to get water off.** 「較小型動物必需比較大型動物甩動得更快來把水甩掉。」，因此正確答案為 (B)，體型最小的老鼠在一秒內甩動的次數最多。

(32-34)

Josh: Do you know about “pay it forward coffee” at Flora Café?
Eric: You mean you pay for a cup of coffee for someone poor to have it later?
Josh: Yeah. A cup of coffee is not much, but on cold winter days like today, it might warm them up a little. And maybe their hearts too.
Eric: But will Flora Café really give this cup of coffee to someone later?
Josh: Come on. I’ve known the shopkeeper well. He’s an honest man. He’s got a blackboard in the shop that says how many cups are paid for and how many have been given out.
Eric: But how will they know who to give? Anyone can ask for it, even if they’re not poor.
Josh: True, but then I guess they’ll just have to believe in people.
Eric: Perhaps. But will poor people go and ask for a free coffee? Won’t they worry about losing face?
Josh: Why do you always say things like that?
Eric: Well, it may happen.
Josh: Yeah, I know, but I still think it’s a good thing to do, and it gets people to care about others.



32. What does things like that mean?

- (A) Problems about the free coffee plan.
- (B) Trouble for people who go to Flora Café.
- (C) Ways to make the free coffee plan successful.
- (D) Good things free coffee will bring to Flora Café.

題目翻譯：things like that 是指什麼？

解題線索：賈許向艾瑞克說明免費咖啡的計畫，艾瑞克的回應為：But will Flora Café really give this cup of coffee to someone later? 「但是芙蘿拉咖啡廳之後真的會把這杯咖啡送人嗎？」、But how will they know who to give? 「但是他們怎麼知道要給誰？」、But will poor people go and ask for a free coffee? 「但是窮人會去要免費咖啡嗎？」，可見艾瑞克不斷質疑這個計畫，因此正確答案為 (A) Problems about the free coffee plan. 「關於這個免費咖啡計畫的問題。」。(B) Trouble for people who go to Flora Café. 「去芙蘿拉咖啡廳的人會有的麻煩。」、(C) Ways to make the free coffee plan successful. 「讓這個免費咖啡計畫成功的方式。」、(D) Good things free coffee will bring to Flora Café. 「免費咖啡會帶給芙蘿拉咖啡廳的好處。」，以上皆為錯誤選項。

33. What can we learn about Josh and Eric?

- (A) Josh was not able to change Eric's mind about free coffee.
- (B) Eric has more hope for the free coffee plan than Josh does.
- (C) They found a way to make people feel OK to take free coffee.
- (D) They do not know whether Flora Café will do business honestly.

題目翻譯：我們可以得知關於賈許與艾瑞克的什麼內容？

解題線索：文中艾瑞克一直質疑免費咖啡計畫，最後賈許說 Why do you always say things like that? 「你為什麼一直挑毛病？」，艾瑞克回應 Well, it may happen. 「嗯，那是有可能發生的。」，可見賈許無法改變艾瑞克的想法，因此正確答案為 (A) Josh was not able to change Eric's mind about free coffee. 「賈許無法改變艾瑞克對免費咖啡的想法。」。(B) Eric has more hope for the free coffee plan than Josh does. 「艾瑞克對免費咖啡計畫比賈許懷抱更多希望。」(應該是賈許懷抱更多希望)、(C) They found a way to make people feel OK to take free coffee. 「他們找到一種讓人們來拿免費咖啡也能很自在的方式。」、(D) They do not know whether Flora Café will do business honestly. 「他們不知道是否芙蘿拉咖啡廳會老實地做生意。」，以上均未在內容提到，皆為錯誤選項。

34. What do we know about Flora Café from the dialogue?

- (A) It has a way to know who really is poor.
- (B) Free coffee has brought it more business.
- (C) People pay less for free coffee than other coffee.
- (D) Its blackboard shows if there are free coffees to be taken.

題目翻譯：從對話中我們可以得知關於芙蘿拉咖啡廳的什麼內容？

解題線索：從對話得知 He's got a blackboard in the shop that says how many cups are paid for and how many have been given out. 「他店裡有一個黑板，上面寫著有多少杯已經付過錢，以及有多少已經被送出去。」，因此正確答案為 (D) Its blackboard shows if there are free coffees to be taken. 「它的黑板顯示是否有免費咖啡可以拿。」。(A) It has a way to know who really is poor. 「它有方法可以知道誰是真正的窮人。」、(B) Free coffee has brought it more business. 「免費咖啡使它的業績增加。」、(C) People pay less for free coffee than other coffee. 「與其他咖啡相比，人們付較少的錢買免費咖啡。」，以上均未在內容提到，皆為錯誤選項。

Jim Webb Oct. 16, 1987

Over the years, the number of whales has dropped sharply. From 1946 to 1986, about 340,000 whales were killed. People worry that children in the future can only see whales in pictures. They believe all kinds of whaling (whale hunting) should be stopped before it's too late.

Some people are trying to stop whaling all over the world. But they fail to notice one fact: Whaling was going on for a long time before the number of whales went down and became a problem.

Whaling started as early as 1,500 years ago. This was how tribespeople fed their families. They hunted whales for meat because almost nothing could grow on their land. They also made whale fat into oil and used it to make candles or oil lamps. Over the years, whaling became their way of living, and even part of who they are.

Tribe whaling is not the thing we should worry about. Of all the whales that were killed over the past forty years, only 10% were hunted by tribespeople. The other 90% died at the hands of the money-making whaling business. When we try to stop all kinds of whaling, we should think what we are asking tribespeople to give up and whether this is the best answer to the problem of whaling.

	tribe	部落
	fat	脂肪

35. Below are the writer's points in the reading:

- Whether we should stop tribespeople whaling
- The problem of whaling
- Whaling as a way of life

	order	順序
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In what order does the writer talk about his points?

- (A) a→c→b. (B) b→c→a. (C) c→a→b. (D) c→b→a.

題目翻譯：下列為作者在文中的論點：

- 是否我們應該要阻止部落成員捕鯨
- 捕鯨的問題
- 捕鯨是一種生活的方式

作者談論他的論點的順序為何？

解題線索：第一段講述捕鯨的問題，第三段提到捕鯨為部落成員的生活方式，第四段指出當阻止各種形式的捕鯨時應該考慮到部落成員的情況，因此正確答案為 (B) b→c→a。

36. Which idea may the writer agree with?

- We should stop all kinds of whale hunting.
- We should not worry about the number of whales.
- Tribespeople's way of living is as important as animal lives.
- Working with the whaling business can make tribespeople's lives better.

題目翻譯：作者可能會同意哪個看法？


解題線索：最後一段提到When we try to stop all kinds of whaling, we should think what we are asking tribespeople to give up and whether this is the best answer to the problem of whaling.「當我們試著阻止各種形式的捕鯨時，我們應該要想想我們要部落成員放棄什麼，以及是否這是解決捕鯨問題的最佳答案。」，可見作者認為固然要解決捕鯨的問題，但也要考慮到部落成員的生計與文化，因此正確答案為 (C) Tribespeople's way of living is as important as animal lives.「部落成員的生活方式與動物的生命同樣重要。」。(A) We should stop all kinds of whale hunting.「我們應該阻止各種形式的捕鯨。」、(B) We should not worry about the number of whales.「我們不應該擔心鯨魚的數量問題。」、(D) Working with the whaling business can make tribespeople's lives better.「與捕鯨業合作可以讓部落成員的生活更好。」，以上均非作者提出的觀點，皆為錯誤選項。

37. What can we learn from the reading?

- (A) Tribespeople believe whales bring good luck.
- (B) Tribespeople become rich by selling whale oil.
- (C) Whaling was not a problem until 1,500 years ago.
- (D) Whaling helped tribespeople's lives in different ways.

題目翻譯：我們可以從文中得知什麼？

解題線索：文中提到They hunted whales for meat . . . They also made whale fat into oil and used it to make candles or oil lamps.「他們捕鯨以取得肉……他們也把鯨魚油提煉成油，用來做蠟燭或油燈。」，可見鯨魚對部落成員的生活很重要，因此正確答案為 (D) Whaling helped tribespeople's lives in different ways.「捕鯨在不同方面幫助了部落成員的生活。」。(A) Tribespeople believe whales bring good luck.「部落成員相信鯨魚可以帶來好運。」、(B) Tribespeople become rich by selling whale oil.「部落成員靠著賣鯨魚油來致富。」、(C) Whaling was not a problem until 1,500 years ago.「直到一千五百年前捕鯨才成為問題。」，以上均未在內容提到，皆為錯誤選項。

N B N NEWS


Ryan Kim 7/15/2013

Guesses about Carolyn Cole have been flying around since last week, and now things have taken a new turn.

Last week Carolyn Cole won the Inscraper Prize, the country's biggest book prize, with her book *Paper Soldier*. Cole herself did not show up for the prize. It was not only the first time in history that a first-time writer won the prize, but also the first time that the winner did not appear.

Now here comes another "first time" for the Inscraper: Cole is not real. "She" is in fact Thomas Goode. Goode is known for his picture books. His best-known book, *Blue Moon*, won him two national book prizes and sold over one million copies.

Goode had tried to write "serious" books before. His first try was *Parent*, which came out in 2006. Sadly, Goode's big name did not help, and there was little interest in *Parent*. Goode's friend told NBN that he wanted to write a book under a different name. Goode thought that people might treat his book seriously if they did not know it was from a picture book writer.

For the moment, there has been no word from Goode yet.

38. From the news story, which fact is seen as a new turn?

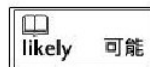
- (A) Carolyn Cole is a first-time writer.
- (B) Carolyn Cole won the Inscraper Prize.
- (C) Carolyn Cole is not the winner's real name.
- (D) Carolyn Cole did not appear for the Inscraper Prize.

題目翻譯：根據新聞報導的內容，哪項事實被視為是一個新轉折？

解題線索：內容提到 Now here comes another "first time" for the Inscraper: Cole is not real. 「現在題寫者獎又有另外一項『首次』記錄：柯爾並非真人。」，因此正確答案為 (C) Carolyn Cole is not the winner's real name. 「嘉露蓮·柯爾不是得獎者真正的名字。」。(A) Carolyn Cole is a first-time writer. 「嘉露蓮·柯爾是第一次寫書。」、(B) Carolyn Cole won the Inscraper Prize. 「嘉露蓮·柯爾贏得題寫者獎。」、(D) Carolyn Cole did not appear for the Inscraper Prize. 「嘉露蓮·柯爾沒有出席領題寫者獎。」，以上選項均非文中所指的新轉折，皆為錯誤選項。

39. Which is most likely true about the Inscraper Prize?

- (A) It was started by NBN News.
- (B) It is a new prize for picture books.
- (C) It is a prize only for first-time writers.
- (D) It is treated seriously by writers in the country.



題目翻譯：關於題寫者獎何項敘述最有可能是正確的？

解題線索：從文中得知得獎的作者用假名參加角逐，且內容提到 Goode's friend told NBN News that he wanted to write a book under a different name.

Goode thought that people might treat his book seriously if they did not know it was from a picture book writer.

「古德的朋友告訴 NBN新聞，他想要用不同的名字來寫書。古德認為如果人們不知道這本書是出自一位繪本作者之手，他們也許會認真看待它。」，可推測該獎項是作者們高度重視的獎，古德才會大費周章想獲得獎項的肯定，因此正確答案為 (D) It is treated seriously by writers in the country. 「它被該國的作家們認真地看待。」。(A) It was started by NBN News. 「它是由NBN新聞所創始的。」、(B) It is a new prize for picture books. 「它是一個繪本的新獎項。」、(C) It is a prize only for first-time writers. 「它是一個只頒給第一次寫書的作家的獎項。」，以上均未在內容提到，皆為錯誤選項。

40. What can we learn about Thomas Goode?

- (A) He has won the Inscraper Prize twice.
- (B) He told NBN that *Paper Soldier* was his work.
- (C) He wants to be more than just a picture book writer.
- (D) His life as a picture book writer has not been successful.

題目翻譯：我們可以得知關於湯瑪士·古德的什麼內容？

解題線索：文中提到古德以繪本著名，他之前寫過較嚴肅的書，但未獲得讀者青睞，所以才用假名創作，希望讀者在不知情的情況下會認真看待他的作品，可見他不只想成為繪本作家，也想撰寫其他類型的書籍，因此正確答案為

(C) He wants to be more than just a picture book writer. 「他不只想成為繪本作家。」。(A) He has won the Inscraper Prize twice. 「他贏過題寫者獎兩次。」(這次是他第一次得獎。)、(B) He told NBN that *Paper Soldier* was his work. 「他和 NBN 新聞說《紙士兵》是他的作品。」(接受採訪的是他的朋友。)、(D) His life as a picture book writer has not been successful. 「他身為繪本作家的生活並不成功。」(他是一位知名的繪本作家。)，以上敘述均與內容不符，皆為錯誤選項。

41. What do we know about Thomas Goode's books?

- (A) The sales of *Parent* were bad.
- (B) *Paper Soldier* is his best-selling book.
- (C) His first picture book came out in 2006.
- (D) *Blue Moon* was written under a different name.

題目翻譯：我們可以得知關於湯瑪士·古德的書的什麼內容？

解題線索：文中提到 Goode had tried to write "serious" books before. His first try was *Parent*, which came out in 2006. Sadly, Goode's big name did not help, and there was little interest in *Parent*. 「古德之前嘗試過寫「嚴肅」的書。他的第一次嘗試是《單親》，於二零零六年出版。不幸地，古德的盛名並沒有幫助，幾乎沒有什麼人對《單親》感興趣。」，因此正確答案為 (A) The sales of *Parent* were bad. 「《單親》的銷售量很差。」。(B) *Paper Soldier* is his best-selling book. 「《紙士兵》是他最暢銷的書。」、(C) His first picture book came out in 2006. 「他的第一本繪本於二零零六年出版。」、(D) *Blue Moon* was written under a different name. 「《藍月》是用不同的名字所創作的。」，以上敘述均與內容不符，皆為錯誤選項。